UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF LAW KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL, TELANGANA

BRANCH: IV – HUMAN RIGHTS LAW (Self-Finance Course) (Evening) SYLLABUS (WITH EFFECT FROM 2024-2025) LL.M (HRL-SFC) I Year: Semester – II Paper – I LEGAL THEORY AND JURISPRUDENCE – II

Theory4 Hours/Per WeekMarks: 100 (External - 80; Internal - 20)

Unit-I: Concept of Rights and Duties – Definition of Right – Classification of Rights and Duties – Absolute and relative Classification of Rights and Duties – Relation between Right and Duty – Structure of Duty – Enforceability – Sanction – Conflicting Duties – Future Duties - Rights and cognate concepts like liberty, power, immunity –privilege.

Unit-II: Concept of Obligation – Nature of Obligation - Liability – Nature and kinds of Liability - Acts and Mens Rea - Intention and Motive – Relevance and motive - Absolute and Strict Liability - Theories of Negligence - Accident – Vicarious liability – Measure of Civil and Criminal Liability - concept of justice – Theories of punishment.

Unit-III: Property – Definition and Kinds of Property - Theories of Property - Concepts of Ownership and possession – Kinds of Ownership –Modes of acquisition of Ownership - Possession and its importance – Relation between ownership and possession - possessory remedies – Prescription – Agreement – Inheritance.

Unit-IV: Persons – Nature of personality – Legal status of Animals, Dead persons, Unborn Persons, Lunatic and Drunken Persons – Theories of Corporate Personality – Nature of corporate personality – Acts and Liabilities of Corporations – Criminal and Civil Liability of Corporations – The State as a Corporation.

Select Bibliography :

- 1. Salmond: Jurisprudence, Universal Publishers.
- 2. Paton : Jurisprudence
- 3. Allen : Law in the Making, Universal Publishers.
- 4. Mahajan V.D.: Legal Theory and Jurisprudence, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- 5. Dias : Jurisprudence, Aditya Books.
- 6. Rama Jois, Legal and Constitutional History of India, Universal Law Publications, Delhi.
- 7. John Rawls-Theory of justice.

PAPER – II LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION – II

Theory4 Hours/Per WeekMarks: 100 (External - 80; Internal - 20)

Unit-I: Law and disadvantage sections of society - Caste as a divisive factor - Acceptance of caste as a factor to undo past injustices - Protective discrimination for Backward Classes, Minority and Scheduled Castes/Tribes – Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1976 - Abolition of Untouchability and Social Change - SC and STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 – Constitutional and Statutory Commissions for Scheduled Castes, Tribes and Other Backward Classes

Unit-II: Women and Gender Justice and its various forms - Protective and empowerment measures for Women under the Constitutional and Statutory Laws – Succession Laws and Women empowerment – Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 – Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 – Protection of Women form Domestic Violence Act, 2005 - The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 - Women's Commission.

Unit-III: Children and Law – Protective Measures under Indian Constitution - Child Labour – The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act 1986 - Children and Education - The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act , 2009 – Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006 and Social Change.

Unit-IV: Law and Development - Land Legislations and its impact on Society – Social Security and battle against poverty - Social Welfare Issues and Social Legislation in India - Problems and Concerns in the implementation of Social Legislation - Social Security and Labour Welfare – Social Assistance Laws – Social Insurance Laws.

Select Bibliography:

- 1. Marc Galanter, Law and Society in Modern India (1997) Oxford.
- 2. Upendra Baxi, Law and Poverty Critical Essays (1988) Vikas, New Delhi.
- 3. Manushi, A Journal about Women and Society.
- 4. H.M. Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, (1996)
- 5. Sunil Deshta and Kiran Deshta, Law and Menace of Child Labour (1997) Sage.
- 6. Agnes, Flavia, Law and Gender Inequality: The Politics of women Rights in India, Oxford.
- 7. Asha Bajpai, Child Rights in India, (2006) Oxford.
- 8. U. Baxi, The Indian Supreme Court and Politics (1980), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 9. John Rawls, A Theory of Justice (2000), Universal, Delhi.

PAPER – III INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

Theory4 Hours/Per WeekMarks: 100 (External - 80; Internal - 20)

Unit-I: International Declarations and Conventions of Human Rights - Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 - International Convention on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) 1966 - International Convention on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICCSER), 1966.

Unit –II: Regional Conventions - European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, 1950 - American Convention on Human Rights, 1969 - African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights, 1981 - Vienna Declaration, 1993 - Programme of Action based on Vienna Declaration.

Unit III: Right to Development as a Human right - The U.N. Declaration on Right to Development, 1987 - International Human Rights Institutions - UN Centre for Human Rights - Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) - Various Commissions and Sub-Commissions on Human Rights - UN Human Rights Council.

Unit-IV: Protection of Human Rights – International Mechanism – UN Human Rights Council – Human Rights Committee – Optional Protocols - Role of ICJ – Role of Regional Institutions – European Court on Human Rights – American Court of Human Rights.

Select Bibliography:

- 1. S.C. Khare, Human Rights and United Nations (1977)
- 2. J.Emack (ed), Human Rights in International Law (1985)
- 3. A. Lauterpacht, International Law and Huamn Rights (1968)
- 4. Nagendra Singh, Human Rights and International Cooperation (1969)